

**FISH TOWN.**—The lower dock at the Fish wharves is again used for landing and cleaning fish, but as the season is about closing, but little business will be done there this year. The shad and herring have commenced spawning, and are quite poor.

As the army has moved up the Peninsula, in Virginia, farm work about Yorktown has been re-commenced.

**ACKNOWLEDGEMENT.**—Our thanks and those of the Compositors in the Office are due Mr. J. W. Ryan, at Tomlin's old stand, for juleps for all hands sent this morning—Delicious they were.

An arrival at New York, from Port Royal, states that a party of "contrabands," the crew of the steamer Planter, ran out from Charleston harbor, and delivered the vessel and cargo to the blockading squadron. The steamer had on board seven heavy cannon, one an 8-inch rifled gun, all of which were designed for Fort Ripley, a new fortification which the Confederates are erecting on the middle ground in Charleston harbor.

The Baltimore Sun says that the substance of the news relating to American affairs in the European papers is that there is an *inclination* on the part of the French government to interfere, and that nobody can tell how soon that inclination may be indulged.

On Thursday next a special term of the Federal Court will be held in Winchester, Va., an order to that effect having been issued by Judge Jackson.

The Nashville Union states that Ex-Gov. Neil S. Brown, a gentleman well known formerly as a leading politician, and for the last twelve months as a leading Confederate in Tennessee, was arrested on Wednesday by order of Gov. Johnson, on the charge of treason. He was subsequently released on parole.

The recent fire in Troy was an awful one.—Goods and valuables were removed hastily from one house, only to be burned up in another.—In one case a valuable horse and business wagon were burned in the street. One man had \$1200 burned up in his coat pocket, but escaped himself.

It is said that one of the Japanese Ambassadors, in Paris, lately performed that remarkable feat of self execution, known as the *hari kari*, or disembowelling.

The 17th Virginia Regiment, at the battle of Williamsburg, lost about 90 killed and wounded.

**Willing to Dye for the Citizens of Alexandria.**

Colors of every shade and hue,  
To make old silks look just like new,  
At the BERKLEYS' can be made;  
No other workmen in their line  
Like them can chemicals combine—  
They are perfect in their trade.

Ladies will find it to their gain,  
If they should have a nice De Laine,  
That's not much worn, but faded,  
To have it colored some deep hue,  
Orange, maroon, dark green or blue,  
Any tint deeply shaded.

Science and art, with skill and care,  
Enable ladies now to wear  
Fine silks much longer than they could,  
Before this art was understood.  
For when their dresses fade or stain,  
The Dyer makes them new again;  
The Berkley's, 'tis plain, do all excel  
In cleansing goods or dyeing well. \*

Salmon is to be introduced into Australia, and a steamer is fitting up in London for the express purpose of taking out salmon ova and young salmon.

Three cases of yellow fever occurred at New Orleans at latest accounts, two at Charity hospital and one in the French hospital.

It is said that President Lincoln will modify the late proclamation of Gen. Hunter, freeing the slaves of three of the seceded Cotton States.

Arrangements have been effected between Gens. Halleck and Beauregard to exchange surgeons.

Col. R. K. Scott has been selected by Postmaster General Blair to proceed to New Orleans, to re-arrange the U. S. mail service on the lower Mississippi.

In Washington, on Saturday, six fugitive slaves were returned to their masters, under the operation of the fugitive slave law.

The National Intelligencer contains an article, three columns in length, denouncing General Hunter's proclamation, and asserting that the President will revoke it.

The abolition organ in Washington calls for "the enactment of a law suspending the fugitive slave law during the war, or abrogating it entirely."

The yearly meeting of the Hicksite Friends at Philadelphia adopted a memorial approving of the emancipation policy of the Federal government.

The statistics of the foreign commerce of New York, for the last ten months, show a large amount of imports and exports, and an improving trade.

A deputation of citizens from Fauquier Co. Va., is in Washington, to make representations to the War Department relative to the conduct of some of the troops under Gen. Geary's command.

The nomination of Mr. Lathrop as Collector at New Orleans, has not been withdrawn, as heretofore erroneously stated.

It is said Mr. Crittenden spoke to Mr. Seward with more frankness than ceremony, when he demanded the reason for the continued imprisonment of ex-Governor Morehead, in opposition to the President's orders.

Washington letters say there is quite a struggle between Senators and Representatives to have the names of friends inserted in the Pacific Railroad bill as commissioners, as it is supposed that they will have more or less to do with the appointment or election of those who are to disburse the sixty or seventy millions of dollars from the treasury, which the road is to cost.

Reports from Wheeling represent that the Confederates are gathering in force in the mountain districts, with the intention of breaking through and forcing their way into Western Virginia, and perhaps into the Free States.—The news seems to be that Milroy has been falling back for a couple of days past, and his scouts have been driven in, and the indications are that a desperate raid is intended upon the borders, for the purpose of effecting a diversion in Eastern Virginia and in the South. The Wheeling Intelligencer learns that troops have called to the immediate border to meet this threat. How soon or where they will be concentrated is not known.

The Washington correspondent of the New York Herald says:—A special meeting of the Cabinet was held on Saturday morning, but nothing definite in regard to the Hunterimbrolio was done. Secretary Seward and Secretary Wells are still absent. Secretary Chase went to Philadelphia this afternoon. It is stated upon reliable authority, that General Hunter has express instructions to issue no proclamations. The Secretary of War has, since the Fremont and Phelps blunders, discountenanced the issue of proclamations by commanders of military departments, as hazardous, injudicious and an assumption of the prerogative of the President. Rumors of the recall of General Hunter are rife, but have no other foundation than the prevailing impression that his presumption will be summarily dealt with by the President. As the government has received no official notification that Gen. Hunter has issued the proclamation published, no official action in the premises can yet be taken."

#### DIED.

In Washington city, on Saturday, the 17th inst., in the 83d year of his age, JOHN CREIGHTON, who was for upwards of forty years a resident of this city. His sickness was of short duration—his end calm and peaceful. Like as the setting sun, he bid adieu to earth. For 55 years the deceased was a meek and lowly follower of Jesus Christ, daily showing forth in his walk and conversation the truth and beauty of that religion he professed to enjoy. When called upon to pass through the valley of the shadow of death, "he feared no evil," for God was with him, his rod and his staff they comforted him, "for him to live was Christ, but to die was gain."

In Fairfax county, Va., on the 17th inst., Mr. PETER TRESSLER, an old and well known citizen, highly esteemed by all who knew him.

On Monday, the 24th of March, 1862, SARAH KEIGHTLEY, daughter of the late Hugh Smith, of this city.

On Thursday, April 10th, ROBERT JAMIESON, in the 67th year of his age, one of the most esteemed and respected of our citizens, whose death is lamented by all who knew him. He was an honest man, a useful citizen, and a sincere Christian.

On Friday, the 18th of April, JOHN MASON JAMIESON, in the tenth year of his age.

**WILLING TO DYE FOR THE CITIZENS OF ALEXANDRIA.**—Come to No 27 S. Fairfax street, if you wish to economise, by having old goods made new.—We would very respectfully beg leave to inform the citizens of Alexandria and the surrounding country, that we are now prepared to execute all orders left with us, such as cleansing and coloring. Shawls, Silks and Woolens, of all descriptions, cleansed and dyed to look like new. Every description of Straw Hats and Bonnets dyed and pressed in the most fashionable style. We are prepared to color Cape Shawls a beautiful scarlet, crimson or cherry, and all descriptions of wearing apparel cleansed and dyed. We would invite particular attention to our cleansing and dyeing of the same, as it is only practised by us. By this process, goods that are cleansed retain their original lustre and shape, and look nearly as well as when first from the tailor's hands.

Every man in the community throws away annually garments enough to clothe himself for six months, merely because they become soiled or lose their color from undue exposure. Such persons should, or if they would study economy, leave such goods with us, and have them returned to look as new—in a word, have them regenerated and disenthralled from the dominion of grease, paint, oil, dust, and every impurity.

J. T. BERKLEY & SON,  
my 19—tf No. 27 South Fairfax street.

**SALE OF HOUSEHOLD AND KITCHEN FURNITURE.**—On Wednesday, the 21st instant, at the residence of the late John Cohagan, on Patrick street, between Prince and Duke streets, the subscriber will sell at public auction, all the HOUSEHOLD and KITCHEN FURNITURE of said John Cohagan, deceased, and Elizabeth his wife.

Terms cash; no article to be removed until the purchase money shall have been paid.  
JOHN E. HENDERSON, Curator.  
my 19—dts